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## **CLAIMS**

- 1. A composition capable of emitting circularly polarised light comprising a medium including a chiral, helical liquid crystalline phase with a substantially fixed, temperature independent helical pitch, said liquid crystalline phase being comprised of calamatic liquid crystal molecules having a luminescent moiety and the composition being such that excitation of the luminescent moiety causes the medium to emit light in the bandwidth of selective reflection of the liquid crystalline phase.
- 2. A composition as claimed in claim 1 wherein the chiral, helical liquid crystalline phase is a chiral nematic liquid crystalline phase.
- 3. A composition as claimed in claim 1 wherein the chiral, helical liquid crystalline phase is a chiral, smectic C liquid crystalline phase.
- 4. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein the liquid crystalline phase is a glass.
- 5. A composition capable of emitting circularly polarised light comprising a medium including a chiral, helical liquid crystalline phase in the form of a glass, said liquid crystalline phase being comprised of calamatic liquid crystal molecules having a luminescent moiety and the composition being such that excitation of the luminescent moiety causes the medium to emit light in the bandwidth of selective reflection of the liquid crystalline phase.
- 6. A composition as claimed in claim 4 or 5 wherein the glass transition temperature (T<sub>g</sub>) of the calamatic liquid crystal molecules is greater than 50°C.
- 7. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein the calamatic liquid crystal molecules are present in the form of a polymerised network.

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- 8. A composition capable of emitting circularly polarised light comprising a medium including a chiral, helical liquid crystalline phase in the form of a polymerised network, said liquid crystalline phase being comprised of calamatic liquid crystal molecules having a luminescent moiety and the composition being such that excitation of the luminescent moiety causes the medium to emit light in the bandwidth of selective reflection of the liquid crystalline phase.
- 9. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 8 wherein the luminescent moiety of the calamatic liquid crystal molecules is an electroluminescent moiety.
- 10. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 9 wherein the emission spectrum of the moiety is tuned to the bandwidth of selective reflection of the liquid crystalline phase.
- 11. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 9 wherein the composition incorporates a dye capable of absorbing the emission of the luminescent moiety and re-emitting light having a wave length in the bandwidth of selective reflection.
- 12. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 9 wherein the composition incorporates a dye which can be excited by non-radiative transfer from the liquid crystal molecules to the dye.
- 13. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12 wherein the luminescent moiety of the calamatic liquid crystalline molecules is an electroluminescent moiety.
- 14. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12 wherein the luminescent moiety of the calamatic liquid crystal molecules is a photoluminescent moiety.

- 15. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 14 wherein the liquid crystal molecules are whole transporting or electron transporting.
- 16. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 15 wherein the calamatic liquid crystal molecules include at least one chiral centre.
- 17. A composition as claimed in claim 16 wherein the liquid crystalline phase comprises chiral and achiral liquid crystal molecules.
- 18. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 15 wherein the calamatic liquid crystal molecules are achiral and the liquid crystalline phase includes a chiral dopant.
- 19. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 18 wherein the calamatic liquid crystal molecules incorporate a luminescent core comprised of 4 to 6 conjugated aromatic rings, said core being attached to two aliphatic spacer groups.
- 20. A composition as claimed in claim 19 wherein the aliphatic spacer groups each contain a chain of 4 to 16 carbon atoms.
- 21. A composition as claimed in claim 19 or 20 wherein the core includes a fluorene moiety.
- 22. A composition as claimed in any one of claims 19 to 21 wherein the calamatic liquid crystal molecules are of the formula:

wherein each R is the same or different and represents the spacer group.

- 23. A composition as claimed in claim 22 wherein one or both of the R groups incorporate a chiral centre.
- 24. A composition as claimed in claim 23 wherein each R group is of the formula:

25. A composition as claimed in claim 23 wherein each R group is of the formula:

26. A composition as claimed in claim 23 wherein each R group is of the formula:

- 27. A light emitting device comprised of a cell having a pair of opposed sides and containing a composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 26, at least one of said sides being transparent to the polarised light emitted by said composition on excitation of the luminescent moiety.
- 28. A device as claimed in claim 27 wherein the spacing between said opposed sides is to 1 to 10 µm.
- 29. A device as claimed in claim 27 or 28 which is capable of being excited by polarised and/or unpolarised light.

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- 30. A device as claimed in any one of claims 27 to 29 capable of emitting circular polarised laser emission.
- 31. A device as claimed in any one of claims 27 to 30 which is an OLED.
- 32. The combination of a light emitting device as claimed in any one of claims 27 to 31 and a Liquid Crystal Display device, said light emitting device providing a source of polarised light for the Liquid Crystal Display device.
- 33. A method of producing a light emitting device as claimed in any one of claims 29 to 32 providing a cell having a pair of opposed walls at least one of which is provided on its interior surface with an alignment layer and filling the cell with a formulation which is a precursor to the composition of any one of claims 1 to 26, which incorporates calamatic liquid crystal molecules having a luminescent moiety and which is capable of being assembled by said alignment layer(s) to a chiral, helical liquid crystalline phase, assembling said formulation into said liquid crystalline phase, and immobilising said phase so as to provide the latter with a fixed, temperature dependent helical pitch.
- 34. A method as claimed in claim 33 wherein the or each alignment layer is a photoalignment layer.